

# **Corporate Risk Register**

						Rev	view N	Month	h:	February 20	23		
			Inhe	rent	Risk		Res	idual	Risk				Target
Ref	Date Risk Identified	Risk Owner	L'hood	L'hood Impact Risk		Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Furth	er Mitigations & Controls to be	put into place	Implementa ion Date
1	Potential Cause		iics of c	arbon	reduct								
	<ul> <li>Technical capa</li> <li>Lack of contro</li> <li>Political enviro</li> <li>Misalignment</li> <li>Failure to enga</li> </ul>	ability to deliver I over all stakeho onment and accep with Devon Clima age with resident	lders (b otance o ite Plan	ousines of polic	sses, v cy char	isitors etc.)							
	- Conflict within	ver inclusive grow			vibrano	cy of Exeter as a great place to live							
	08.11.19	Executive Updates to be provided by Jo Yelland Director	4	3		Ideally there would be an alignment of the national and county goals for net zero emissions. Regrettably Devon County have now committed to a net zero 2050 goal in line with the national goal. This is a significant blow to the ambitions of the city to deliver on the more challenging 2030 goal. Given the significance of transport to the goal of net zero emissions it has made it highly unlikely that the city can achieve an ambitious timetable for that sector. In the absence of policy alignment it could be appropriate that the city and its partners reflect on the role the city plays in terms of the agenda. For example the city council continue to innovate and show willingness to pilot initiates and create a powerful narrative around pioneering initiatives accepting that getting to scale is another challenge altogether. The other consideration is whether the city begins to focus on adaption rather than prevention. Climate adaption rather than eliminating greenhouse gas emissions will become a topic for discussion in months to come. The national and international debate is possibly moving backwards and whilst not an immediate issue for discussion, as time moves on a lack of a clear route to delivery will inevitably suggest adaption becomes the issue.		3	12	approved by the challenge to act on an annual be the city. The re- required, name legal powers to workshops betwand willingness from these workshops betwand willingness from these workshops betwand workshops betwand and willingness from these workshops betwand these workshops betwand from these workshops betwand hese wo	as emissions inventory sector by sector in City Council in 2022. This identifies the chieve a net zero Exeter by 2030. It incluses to achieve in a linear progression aport identified the sectors where the grady buildings, energy and transport. In the oreflect change, Exeter City Futures or ween September and October 2022 to a to look at different approaches to sec- rkshops are available here etercityfutures.com/policy-maker-works Transport initiatives to support a step of public transport. Expansion of district he out of EV charging infrastructure, The ns s with the green construction group at the acope of the pipeline for retrofit of home ecoming clearer every day. For example nufacturer with the largest market shar alling 18k homes pa across the country uires us to deliver 42,000 heat pumps to all be on top of a district heat network	he scale of the ludes a range of targets the decarbonisation of reatest reductions he absence of funding or ganised a number of explore the feasibility uring change. Reports shops/. The workshops change in active travel eating networks, role of Hydrogen in the Exeter College es. The scale of the e a recent meeting with a e in the country revealed y. The net zero agenda to homes in the city	a

Date Risk Identified         Inherent Risk Owner         Inherent Risk Ig         Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)         Residual Risk Ig         Further Mitigations & Controls to be put into place           Note:         The scale of the challenge is extraordinary.         Exercise of the challenge is extraordinary.         Exercise of the challenge is extraordinary.           Residual Risk         Image: Im		Review Month: February 2023	
Ref       Identified       Owner       0	Date Risk	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to	Target
Exeter City Futures together with the Contre for Leadership at the University of Exeter City Futures together with the Carlies a net zero goal and it revealed good practice being pursued by the Met Office in its journey to net zero and the appetite for collaboration from parties across the city. Positive experiences and willingness to work together is suggestive of a strong commitment to the agenda notwithstanding the obvious challenges to get to a 2030 goal. Train services especially along the Waterloo to Exeter line have impacted negatively on supporting people to shift from car to public transport. A less than satisfactory but services within the city has been widely commented upon throughout the city and is setting us backwards in our strategy to support active travel and a shift to public transport. Policies to support the net zero Exeter 2030 goal are reflected in the draft city plan. Work of scrutiny to support the green construction agenda is in plan and a range of parties are now fully co-operating with Exeter College to firm up a pipleline. Recruitment of skilled labour to support refront work is an obvious	201	Further Mitigation of Control the risk?)	s & Controls to be put into place Implement ion Date
College. Exeter City Fund is still being looked at by scrutiny committee and members will need to take a view on whether the fund is the appropriate mechanism to fund the green construction ambition of the City Council. Presently there is little comfort that can be drawn from national government on funding for housebuilding and regeneration or the quality of development desired by the city council in pursuance of the net zero agenda. The City Fund was an attempt to find such a mechanism. If this approach is not acceptable to members, there is no obvious alternative that has been identified. Further consideration needs to be given to the resources available for the Council to continue to play a lead convening role for the City in relation to Net Zero 2030		Exeter City Futures together of Exeter hosted a meeting of the leadership challenge to r practice being pursued by th appetite for collaboration fron and willingness to work toge agenda notwithstanding the Train services especially alo negatively on supporting pee than satisfactory bus service upon throughout the city and support active travel and a s Policies to support the net ze plan. Work of scrutiny to support t range of parties are now fully pipeline. Recruitment of skill bottle neck and members m College. Exeter City Fund is still being will need to take a view on w fund the green construction a little comfort that can be dra housebuilding and regenerat city council in pursuance of attempt to find such a mechs members, there is no obviou Further consideration meds Council to continue to play a	with the Centre for Leadership at the University a number of organisational leaders to explore alise a net zero goal and it revealed good Met Office in its journey to net zero and the parties across the city. Positive experiences er is suggestive of a strong commitment to the povious challenges to get to a 2030 goal. g the Waterloo to Exeter line have impacted le to shift from car to public transport. A less within the city has been widely commented s setting us backwards in our strategy to ft to public transport. o Exeter 2030 goal are reflected in the draft city e green construction agenda is in plan and a co-operating with Exeter College to firm up a d labour to support retrofit work is an obvious want to probe this issue further with Exeter looked at by scrutiny committee and members ether the fund is the appropriate mechanism to nbition of the City Council. Presently there is n from national government on funding for on or the quality of development desired by the e net zero agenda. The City Fund was an nism. If this approach is not acceptable to alternative that has been identified. o be given to the resources available for the

# September 2022:

Updates to work to be done provided.

#### November 2022:

The details of the risk and corresponding mitigations have been updated. It should also be noted that, following the Scrutiny Governance review, it has been proposed that a Strategic Scrutiny Sub Committee for Climate Change is established, however, this is pending approval by Council in the New Year.

					Rev	view l	Mont	h:	February 2023
	Date Risk	Risk		erent Risk	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to			I Risk	Fourth on Mitting tions 0.00
ef	Identified	Owner	L'hood	Impact Risk Score	control the risk?)	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Further Mitigations & Co
	Failure to	meet Exete	r's H	ousing	supply needs as a planning authority and meet st	rateg	gic 5	5 year	's ambitions
	<ul> <li>Student develo</li> <li>House builders</li> <li>Political / comitical / comitical</li> <li>Exeter Local Fissues.</li> <li>Potential Impaction</li> <li>Vulnerability to</li> <li>Financial risks</li> <li>Social outcomitical</li> </ul>	and supply nough planning pe opment cannot be s drip feeding munity buy in to d Plan not progressi ts: o development co with increased a	e includ levelop ng quic ming fc ppeals, ing soc	led in housi ments ckly enough prwards/gair , and potent cial service	, encounters delays in programme, or is delayed by external factors such as on ning consent which is not in keeping with the character of the city and which n ially lost income costs - significant waiting list	nay be			
		provided by lan Collinson, Director of City Development			<ul> <li>work on the Liveable programme</li> <li>Higher density developments being encouraged within the city centre.</li> <li>Social Housing being developed following the lifting of borrowing capambition for 500 homes over 10 years'</li> <li>Appropriately briefing members to ensure robust decision making processes</li> <li>The Council is currently able to demonstrate a housing land supply of 4 years and 8 months against the 5 year requirement</li> </ul>				stage of public consultation on the Loc 2021 (Regulation 18 Issues Consultati - Selling positive image of high quality through the Liveable Exeter programm - using existing planning policy to resis in order to continue to protect the char - regular updating of the 5 year land su land supply in the city
	Tracking Not	es and Monito	oring:			1	1		
	March 2022:								
	been held for La received, the Co	and at Redhills. A puncil must accep	at that a ot that it	appeal hear t cannot dei	appeal (held November 2021) has concluded that the Council is able to demo ng, the Council argued that it is now able to demonstrate a 5 year housing su nonstrate a 5 housing supply for development management purposes." tor has determined that Exeter does not have 5-year land supply. The Planni	ipply d	ue to f	the gran	ting of planning consents since Novem
	of Community Ir	• •	een ad	lopted; Exec	A to bring forward a planning application for land at Water Lane. ECC has been cutive has approved the outline draft Exeter Plan for public consultation, community the second seco	-			• • • •
		ctor City Developi tive. The work is		• •	iece of work to dive deeper to understand the risks to the City's housing pipe at this stage.	line an	d Live	able Ex	eter. This is a corporate project and w

ontrols to be put into place	Target Implementat ion Date
ussions with neighbouring authorities re re	gion wide
Vision or net-zero commitment.	
gress with a timetable now established olvement developing. The first statutory ocal Plan was completed in November ation) ty high density brownfield developments me. sist inappropriate development proposals aracter and beauty of the city. supply position in order to closely monitor	Ongoing
that appeal decision was received, a furth mber 2021. However, until the Redhills ap tation, Heavitree Road application for PBS ig for 2020/21 to support Liveable Exeter. <sup>–</sup> evelop a set of Liveable Exeter principles a	A and Co-living. The Statement
will carry over into the New Year. It will cor	

						Rev	view I	Montl	h:		February 2023		
	Dete Diele	Dist	Inhei	rent R	lisk	Evisting Nitigations 9. Organized (N/k at here here days to	Res	idual	l Ris	sk		Target Implementat ion Date	
Ref	Date Risk Identified	Risk Owner	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)	L'hood	Impact	Risk	Score	Further Mitigations & Controls to be put into place		
3	Failure to a	adapt coun	cil w	orkfo	orce	to ensure appropriate skills and experience	•	•					
	<ul> <li>Difficulty to red</li> <li>Empowerment</li> <li>Potential Impact</li> <li>Loss of experied</li> <li>Increased spect</li> <li>Not having cost</li> <li>Service disrupt</li> <li>Cost of appeal</li> </ul>	rce (half of staff c cruit into key area s, skills and engag t <u>s:</u> ence nding on agency st effective counc	s - profe gement workers il service ross the	essiona of mana es deliv e counc	al areas agers f	s (planners, lawyers) to enable this change the right outcomes							
		Baan Al-Khafaji Director Corporate Services	3	3	- - - 5	Market supplement scheme in place Apprenticeship opportunities for new and existing staff Employing part qualified staff and training them (internal and external) - procurement, planning etc. Improvements in metric tracking (age, gender, skills profiles) Business Partnering model allowing for greater collaboration between service areas and HR Metrics reported to SMB	2	3	6	6 ·	<ul> <li>Ensure robust implementation of new workforce planning process (local mgmt team led)</li> <li>Utilising agile program to compliment modernisation of work environment</li> <li>Review of progress against GDR.</li> </ul>	Ongoing	
	March 2022: N	ses and Monito	received	3			1	1					

						Rev	view I	Month	:	February 2023	
	Dete Diele	Dist	Inhe	erent	Risk	Fristing Mittigetiene 9. Orgenerale (M/het her here dens to	Res	idual	Risk		Target
Ref	Date Risk Identified	Risk Owner	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)	Further Mitigations & Controls to be put into place	Implementat ion Date			
4	Potential Cause: - Fair funding re - Inability to deliv - Inability to grov - Policy, regulato - Impact of high Potential Impact - unable to balar - reduced incom - larger than anti - reduction in res - impacts on cou	s: view from centra ver £6.6m saving v Exeter city cent ory or legislative inflation, rising in s: nce budget. e for council serv cipated cuts (in y	l govern gs targe tre and change nterest n vices. year or d theref	nment et over assoc es whic rates a	involvi four ye siated b ch are r and oth	<ul> <li>- Detailed MTFP assessed and agreed with Members</li> <li>- One Exeter plan agreed and being implemented with suitable governance arrangements in place.</li> <li>- Budget for 2022-23 agreed with significant reserves to protect against Covid related income losses.</li> </ul>	2	Pation o	f a nev	<ul> <li>Continue to respond to consultations making case for council</li> <li>Lobby government for relaxation of council tax increase restrictions</li> <li>The Council has a clear strategy to address the £6m savings required, although the exact timing of Government decisions around Business Rates and New Homes Bonus remains uncertain.</li> </ul>	Feb-24
	September 202	- Significant investment in city centre regeneration (St Sidwell's point & bus station) including developing a new vision for the rest of the site which shortfalls or timing issues with reductions.		shortfalls or timing issues with reductions. Further work being undertaken to identify (or bring forward) options to address further reductions required.	5						

is making case for council council tax increase restrictions address the £6m savings required, nent decisions around Business Rates ertain. Reserve to protect against income tions. - entify (or bring forward) options to address	Feb-24
quired over the medium term.	

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		Dist	Inhe	erent	Risk		Res	sidua	Risk		Target
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5	Increased	cost of all	capit	tal b	uildir	ng Projects		•	•		
	Potential Cause	S:									
						nd increased costs across the capital programme. rise significantly.					
	Potential impacts - Increased costs to Council - Delay in all projects, predominantly the condition survey projects and HRA programme, leading to prolonged periods of buildings being below the standard the Council is aiming for.										
	August 2021	Dave Hodgson Director Finance	- 4	4		The global economic impacts are difficult to mitigate. Members may need to reprioritise, accept higher tender costs or delay the capital programme. Those projects already underway will see additional costs arising.	4	4	16	Review existing capital programme with a view to deferring and removing schemes. Change of emphasis to internally borrow in the short term to offset interest rate rises.	Feb-24
	Tracking Not	es and Monito	oring:								
	external borrowi	ng is required. 2: Director Finan					·			owed. This will have a negative impact on the revenue position of the Council, w ctured to remain affordable. Borrowing remains a high risk with every £10 million	

						Review Month: February 2023					
	Data Diak	Diek	Inhe	erent	Risk	Evicting Mitigations ? Controls //M/bat has been done to	Res	idual	Risk		Target
Ref	Date Risk Identified	Risk Owner	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)	L'hood	Impact	Risk Score	Further Mitigations & Controls to be put into place	Implementat ion Date
6	Failure to Potential Cause - a challenge to - inadequate fun - lack of staff res - inability to add - significant abn Potential impact - increased cost - carbon neutral - city housing ne - new communit - active and acc - new homes do	deliver the s: the viability of de iding for brownfie sources to suppo ress complex lan ormal costs asso is s to the Council not achieved by eeds not met by 2	velopm Id land rt the w d asse ciated 2030 2040 ations r n City p	nent I regen work mbly a with th	Exet eration and infra is type	ter Programme astructure challenges of programme void - Brownfield land release fund:	r,poo	4	Risk Score	work to be undertaken with One Public Estate on the Exeter City Fund	
		'lan Collinson- Director City Development				<ul> <li>project management capacity brought in</li> <li>sites included in ECL business case</li> <li>Director of Planning &amp; Development appointed</li> <li>examples of the strategic investment required are the housing infrastructure fund (HIF) and other strategic investment funds such as administered by One Public Estate and the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities</li> <li>some funding has been secured on an annual basis from Homes England</li> <li>LDA design commissioned to produce Marsh Barton Development framework</li> <li>DCC &amp; ECC progressing work on development brief for Southgate</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>concept <ul> <li>there needs to be a willingness to acquire land and property to move forward in a sensible phased programme including a willingness to compulsory purchase land</li> <li>need to step up the support commensurate with the scale and pace of development required</li> <li>new local plan that includes the vision and principles as part of the formal planning policy</li> <li>the Council adopts an enabling culture rather than relying on a regulatory culture</li> <li>Exeter City Living to lead by example</li> <li>Exeter Place Board to bring together the city's institutions to take ownership of the vision and aspirations and to work collectively on obstacles to delivery</li> <li>draft tender for parking strategy</li> <li>City Fund outline business case in draft with Scrutiny Committee</li> <li>Officer to continue to approach landowners in key locations to bring forward key sites in the programme</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

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·	Ref	Date Risk Identified	Risk Owner	Inhe pooq.1	erent Imbact	Risk Score	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to control the risk?)	Res pooy.J	idual Imbact	Risk Score	Further Mitigations & Co

### Tracking Notes and Monitoring:

#### Sept 2022:

Joint Scrutiny Committee has held three meetings to better understand the Exeter Development Fund concept. This has identified the outline business case, the failings with the current business as usual model, the opportunities with development corporation models of delivery, and the challenges to visibility as a consequence of the current approaches to funding development. A Task and Finish Group has been established for scrutiny to conclude its consideration of the concept prior to Executive considering the proposal. DLUHC Garden Communities capacity funding is being used effectively to help unlock sites, but this funding is not sufficient and is at risk of being scrapped. The level of resources required to support an ambitious transformation programme is significant and whilst the development corporation model, would be a means to secure greater resources to the programme, this could be years away. There are tangible examples of progress being made with the programme and progress with the Exeter Plan preparation (see also above under Risk 2). There is strong private sector interest in the Water Lane area and St David's Station/Red Cow and ECC has built a strong collaborative approach with land owners/developers. Consultants have been engaged to master plan the Marsh Barton area and develop a strategic design code for Water Lane. This work could be replicated across other strategic sites, given sufficient resources. However strategic uncertainty is hitting confidence in the construction sector where inflation is hurting viability. Developers are unable/unwilling to risk significant investment in bringing forward brownfield land. Homes England is reluctant to commit government funding to provide infrastructure loans/grant and acquire land to unlock sites. ECL is continuing to develop a pipeline of deliverable sites on Council owned land with support from City Development. Recent appeal decisions have left the Council in a weak policy position.

Nov 2022: As for risk 2 the Director City Development is leading a piece of work to dive deeper to understand the risks to the City's housing pipeline and Liveable Exeter. This is a corporate project and will carry over into the New Year. It will conclude with a report to Executive. The work is still being scoped at this stage.

## ontrols to be put into place

Target Implementat ion Date

						Re	view	Month:		February 2023	
Ref	Date Risk	Risk			Risk	Existing Mitigations & Controls (What has been done to		sidual R		Further Mitigations & Controls to be put into place	Target Implementat
	Identified	Owner	L'hood	Impact			L'hood		Risk Score		ion Date
	Inability to deliver Carbon Net Zero aspirations for Exeter City Council operations by 2030 (Internal)										
	At the request of	members, with	effect f	rom J	June 2	22 this risk is now the subject of a separate risk register to be present half	early	to the Aud	dit & G	overnance Committee by the Corporate Energy Manager, Net Zero Team	